extent a compilation, in reading this book one has the feeling that it has been produced by an authority who is familiar with the details of every branch of his subject. There are keys to and summaries of each family of insects found in Australia and New Zealand, and the number of species found in each for both regions is given. The whole work is thoroughly up-to-date, and does much to clarify confusions in the modern classification of insects.

Records of Immigrant Insects for 1926

BY THE EDITOR

In this issue of the Proceedings the following immigrant insects are mentioned. Those marked with an asterisk were observed for the first time in 1926. The others have been known before but herein named for the first time. Those marked with double asterisk were previously recorded, but now first named and described.

Ophyra chalcogaster Wied. (Diptera) 353
**Tetramorium tonganum* Mayr (Hymnoptera) 353, 367
**Silvanus* sp. (Coleoptera) 358
**Cryptophagus* sp. (Coleoptera) 358
**Listroderes apicalis* Waterhouse (Coleoptera) 360, 367
Cephalochrysa hovas Bigot (Diptera) 369
**Telenomus nawai* Ashmead (Hymenoptera) 370, 374, 378
**Milichiella* sp. (?) (Diptera) 378
**Coccidencyrtus ochraceipes* Gahan (Hymenoptera) 517
***Elachertus giffardi* Timberlake (Hymenoptera) 519
***Notanisomorphomyia externa* Timberlake (Hymenoptera) 522
Ittys perditrix (Gahan) (Hymenoptera) 525
***Ufens elimaeae* Timberlake (Hymenoptera) 525

End of Volume VI.